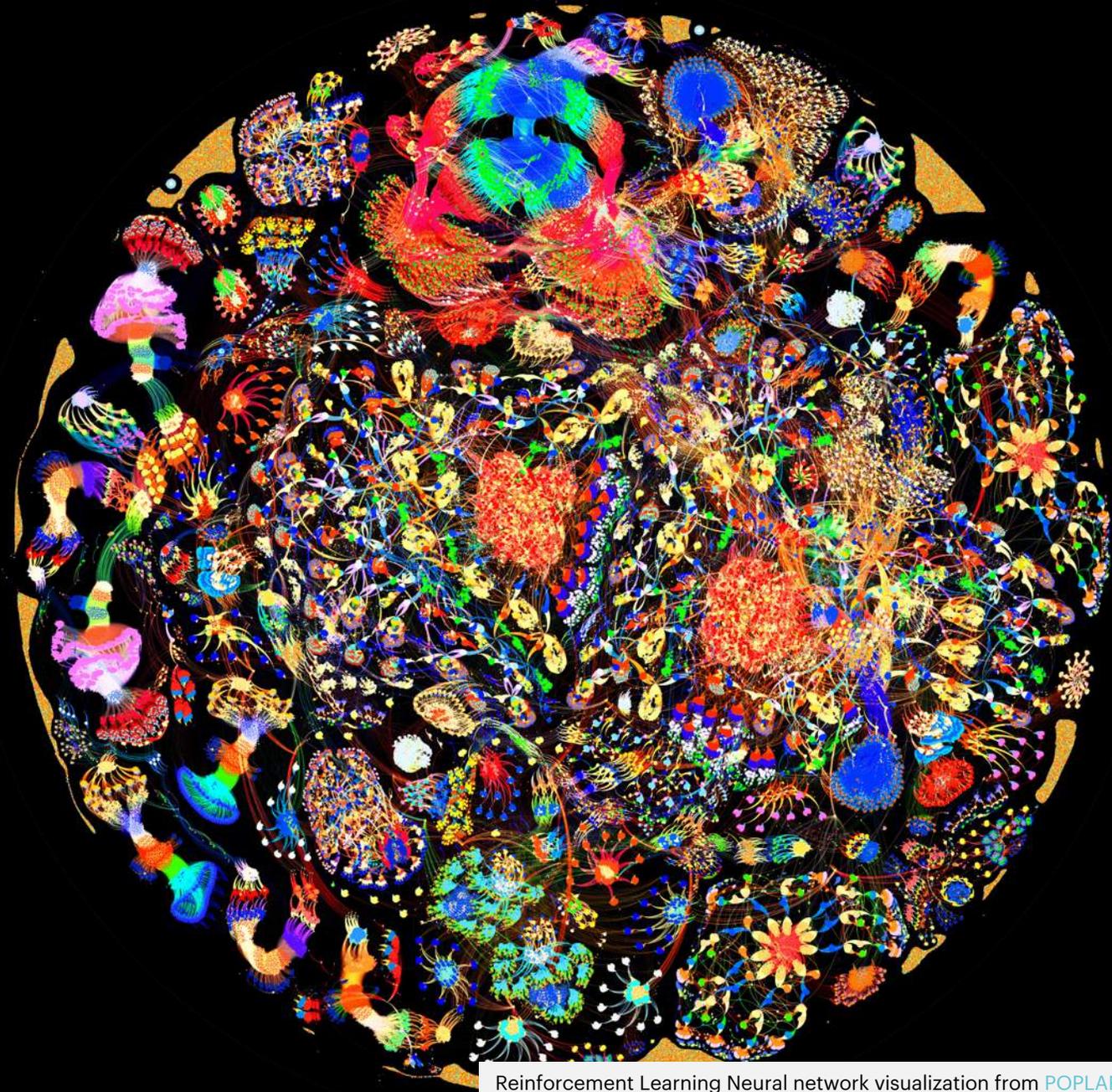


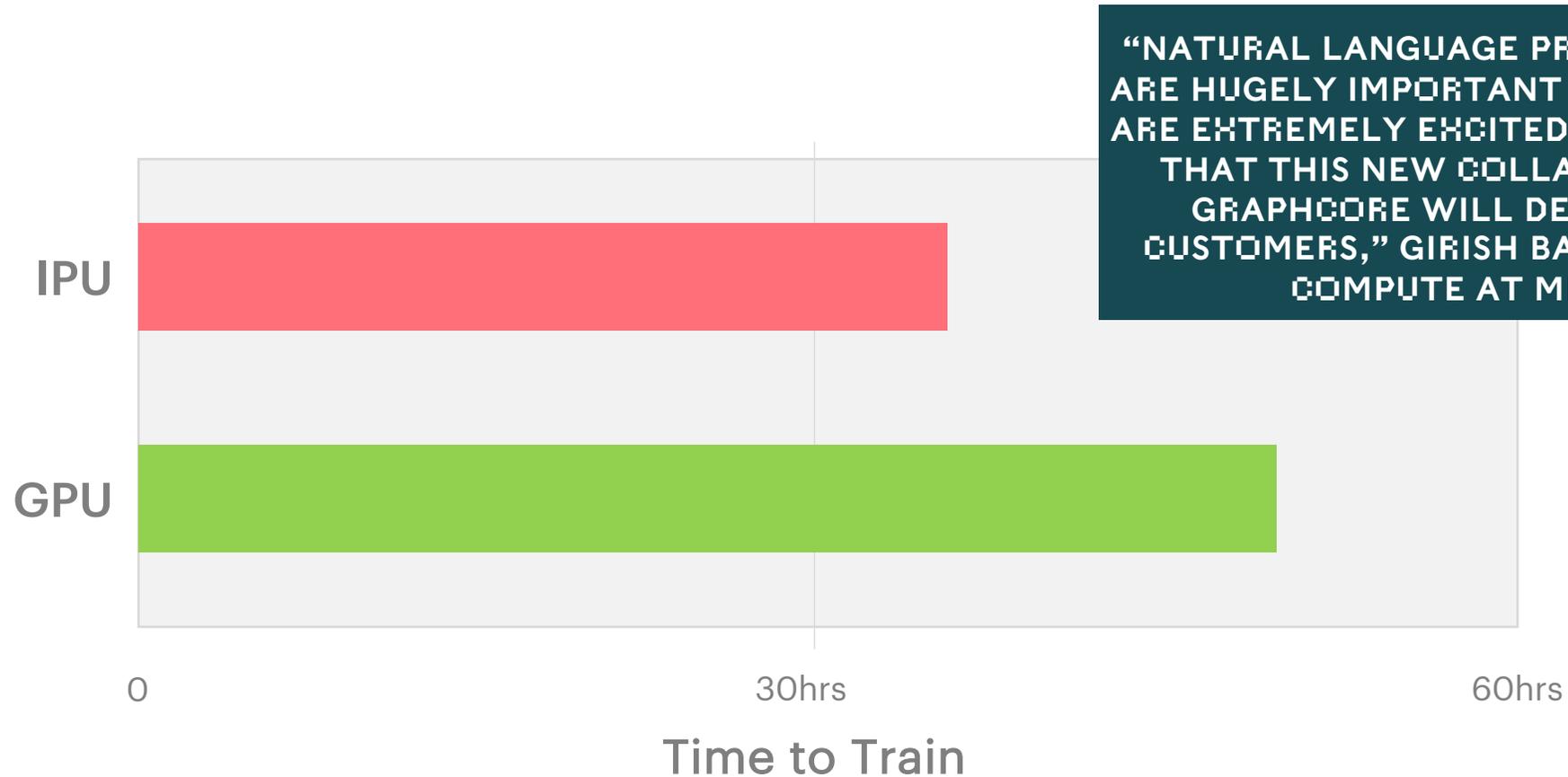
GRAPHCORE BENCHMARKS



Reinforcement Learning Neural network visualization from [POPLAR™](#)

BERT-BASE : TRAINING

>25% Faster Time To Train : 36.3 hours on IPU @ 20% lower power



NOTES:

BERT-Base | Wikipedia dataset + SQuAD 1.1 (EM).

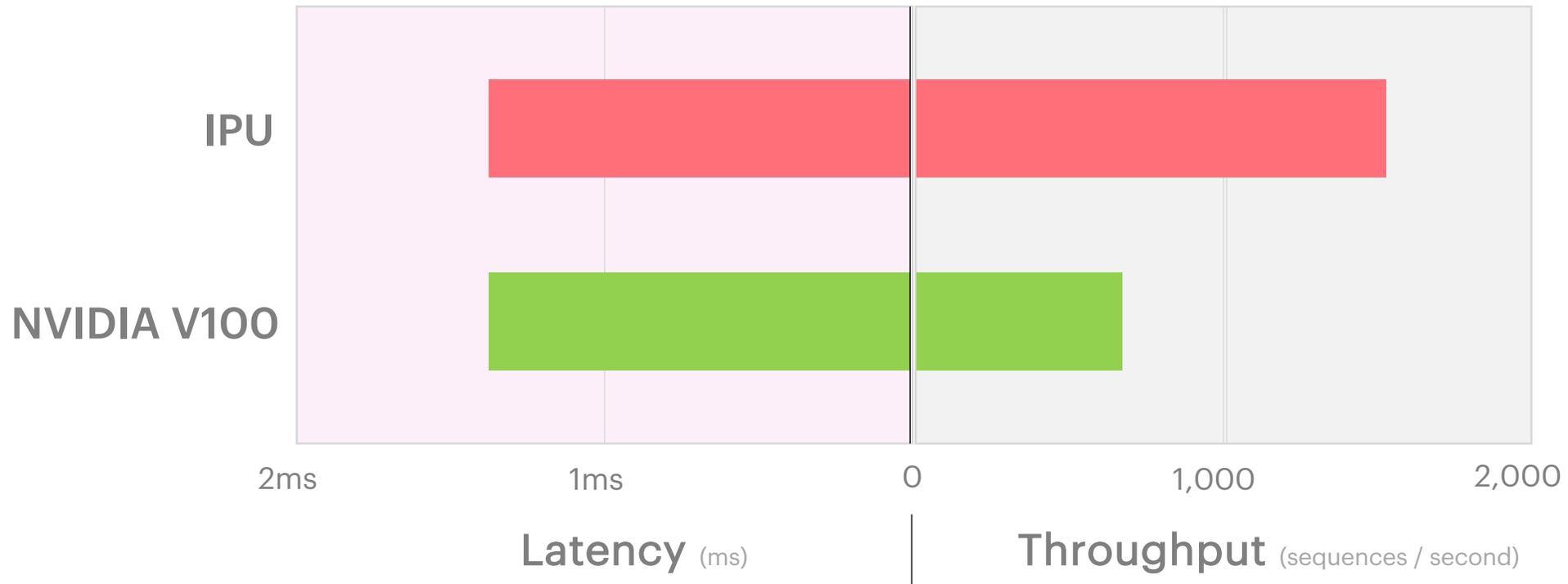
IPU: DSS8440, 7x Graphcore C2 – using PopART (SDK1.1.45) Ph1 SL=128, Ph2 SL=384

GPU: 8x Leading GPU system using PyTorch



BERT-BASE : INFERENCE

2x higher throughput at lowest latency



NOTES:

Graphcore results on one C2 Card using two IPUs, on SQuAD v1.1 data,

Graphcore C2 (SDK 1.0.194) using PopART @ 300W TDP

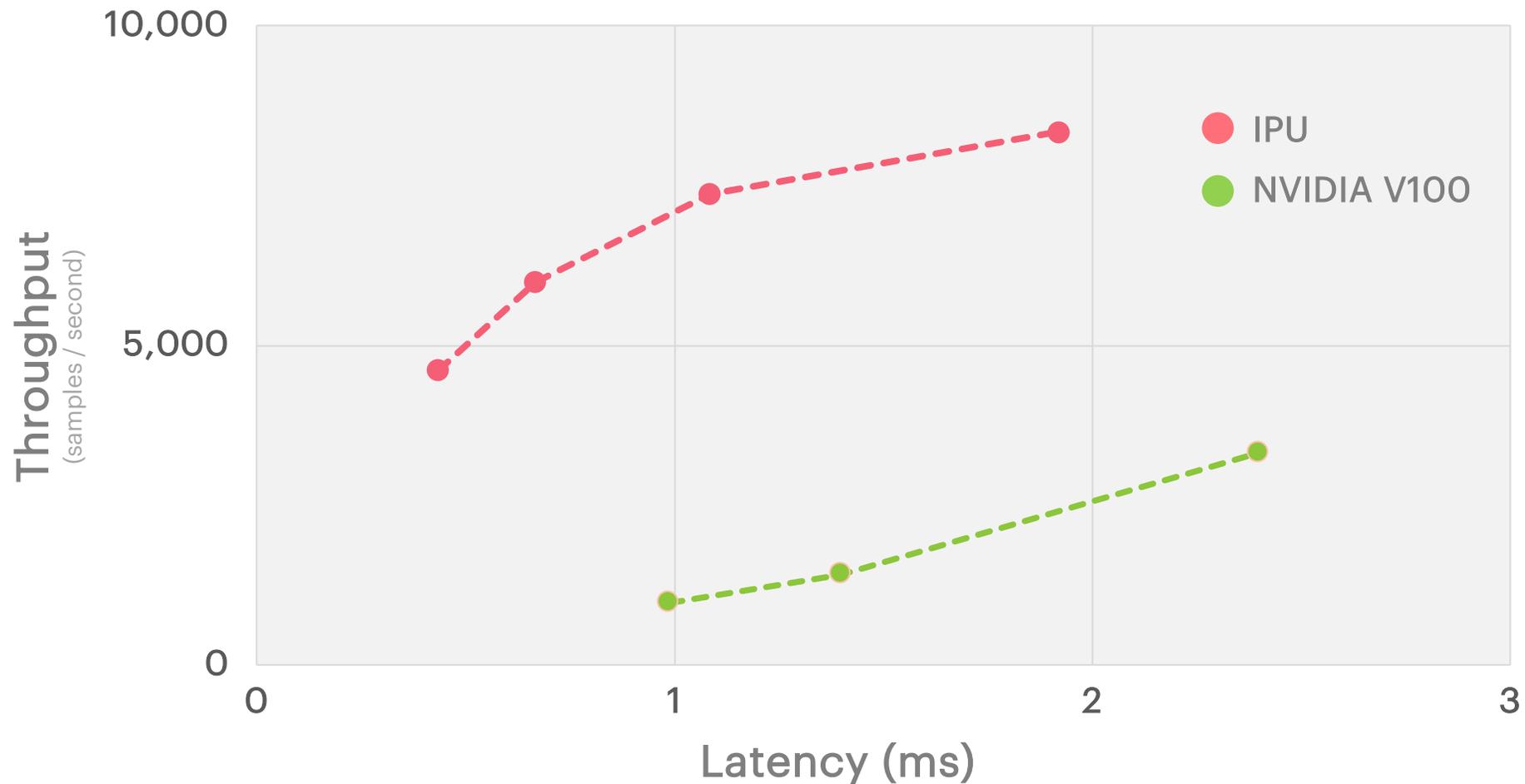
NVIDIA results for 1xV100 with TensorRT 7.0 using SQuAD v1.1 data, published 12 Mar 2020

<https://developer.nvidia.com/deep-learning-performance-training-inference>.



RESNET-50 : INFERENCE

Lowest Latency Comparison: 4.7x higher throughput | 2.2x lower latency

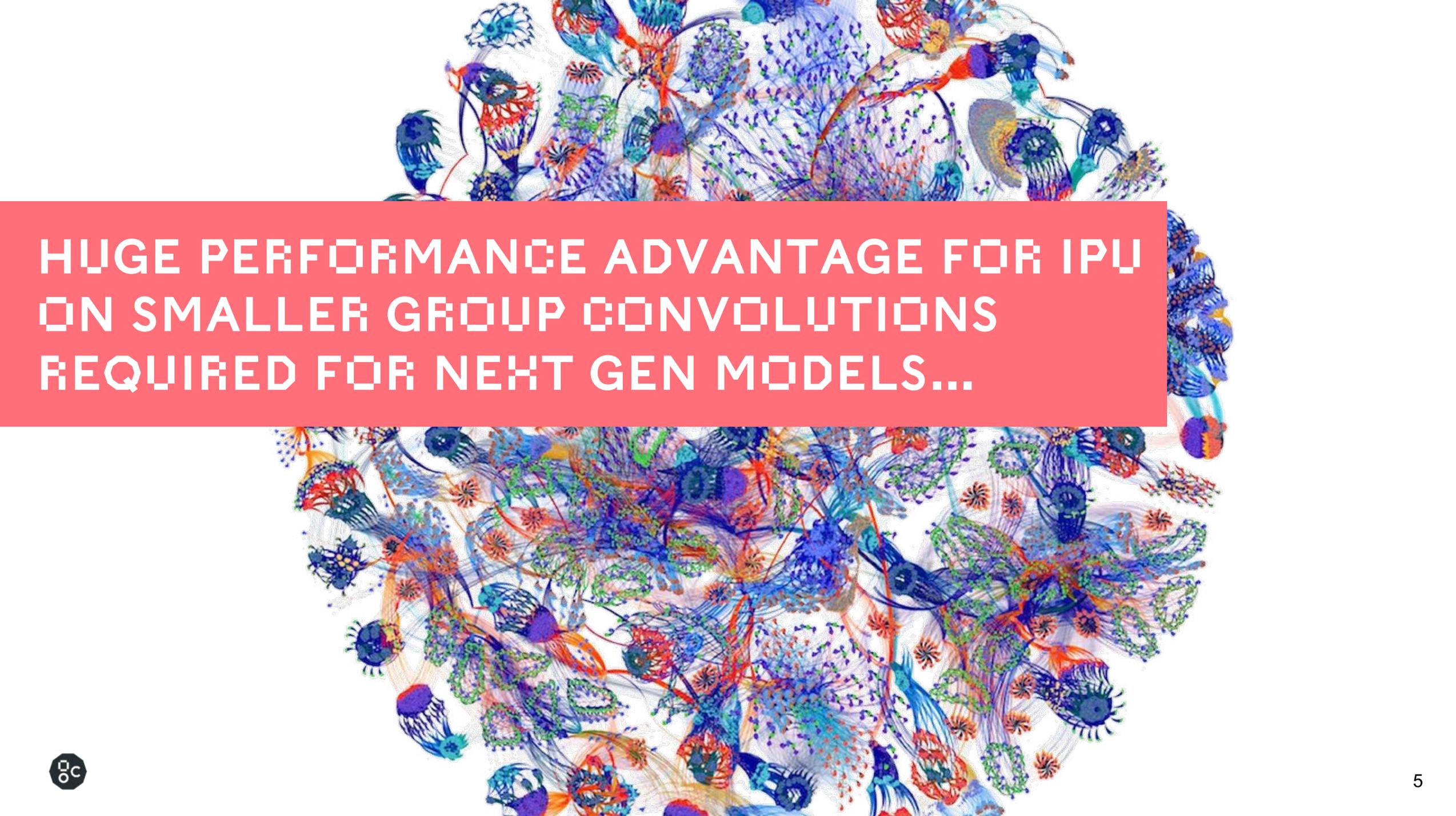


NOTES: ResNet-50 v1.5

Graphcore : C2 Platform using TensorFlow with synthetic data, (Batch Size 2,4,8,16), (SDK 1.1.11) @ 300W TDP

NVIDIA V100 with TensorRT 7.0 published 12 Mar 2020 <https://developer.nvidia.com/deep-learning-performance-training-inference> using synthetic data, (Batch Size 1,2,8) @ 300W TDP

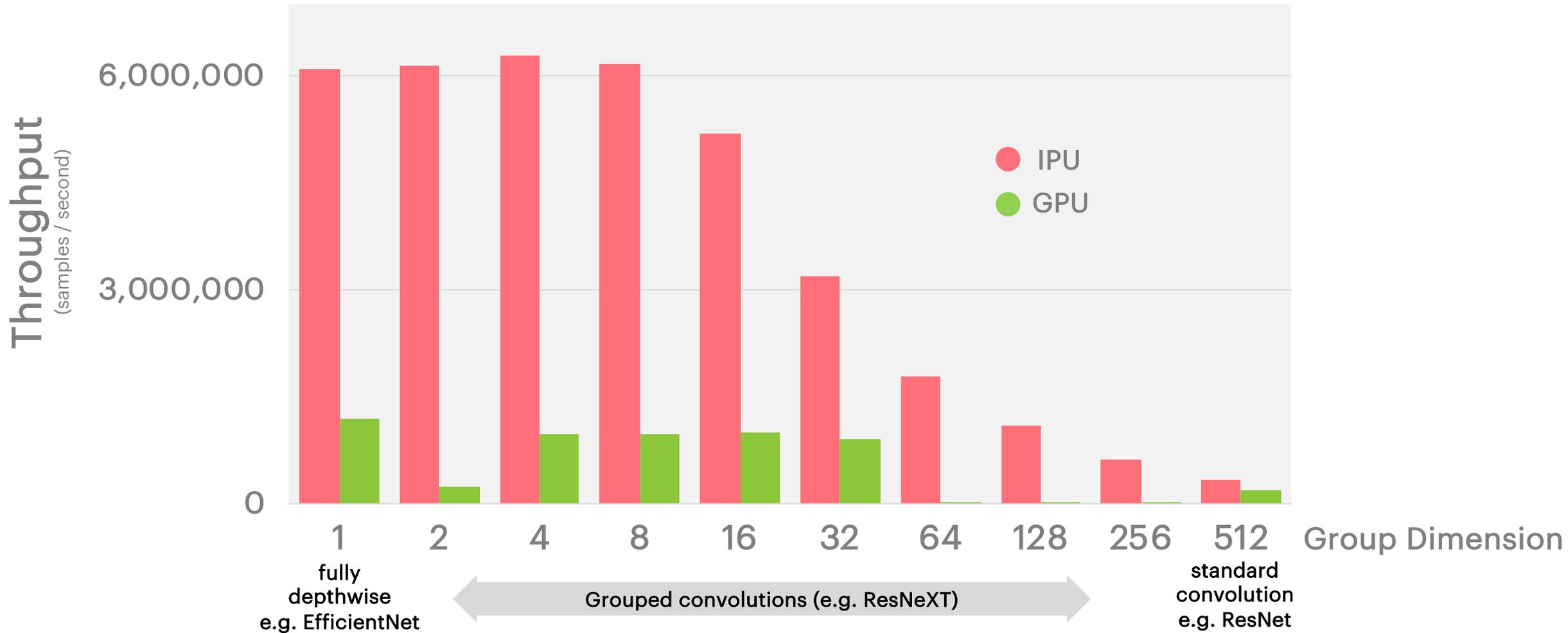




HUGE PERFORMANCE ADVANTAGE FOR IPU
ON SMALLER GROUP CONVOLUTIONS
REQUIRED FOR NEXT GEN MODELS...

GROUP CONVOLUTION KERNELS

from 4x to >100x throughput for depthwise/grouped convolutions



NOTES:

Results averaged over 10,000 iterations. Filter/kernel size 3x3, field size 7x7, number of filters 512, batch size 32

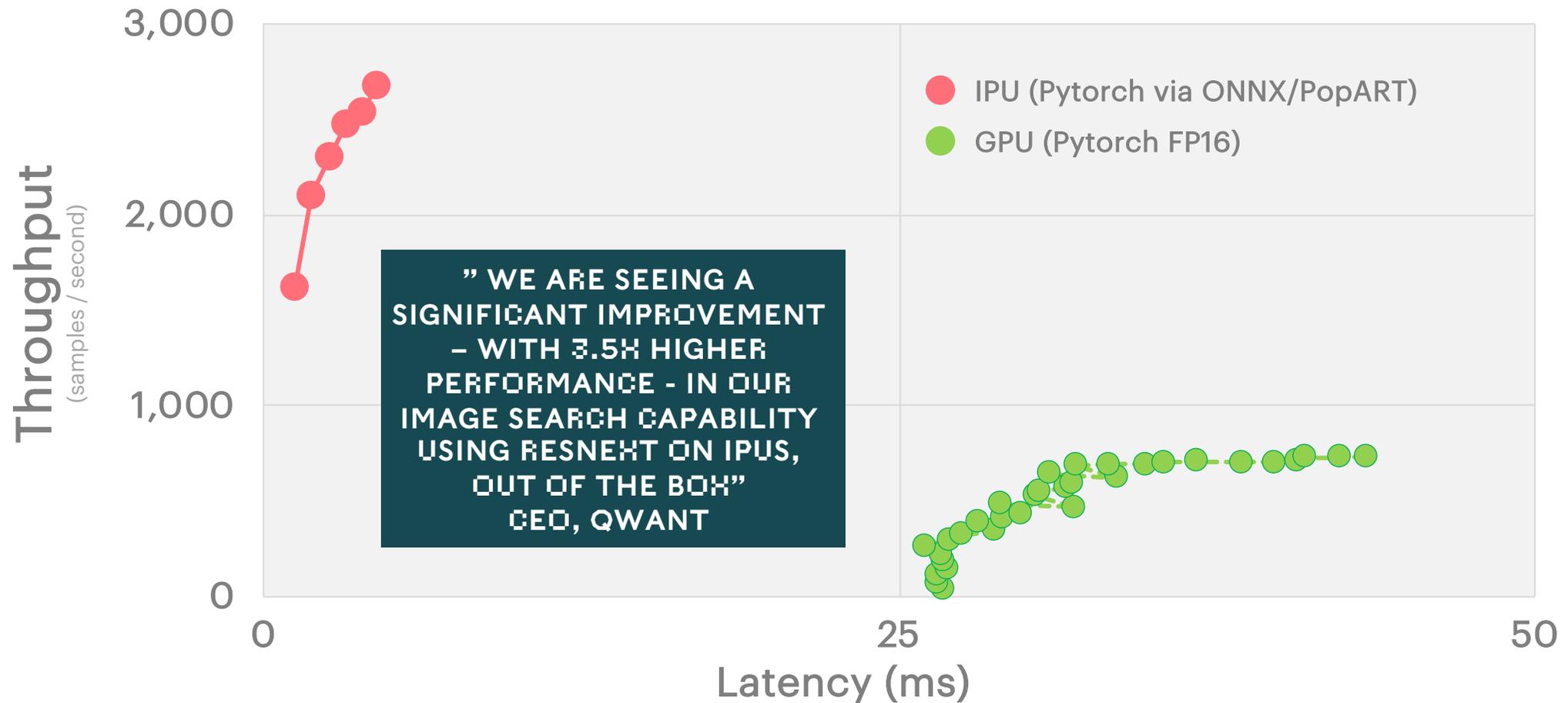
Repeated for varying group dimensions from standard convolution (512) to full depth-wise (1)

Same code on IPU (Graphcore C2 - SDK 1.1.11) and GPU using TensorFlow (measured Apr'20) | Forward pass only | Both @ 300W TDP



RESNEXT-101 : INFERENCE

Lowest Latency Comparison: 6x higher throughput | 22x lower latency
Highest Throughput Comparison: 3.7x higher throughput | 10x lower latency



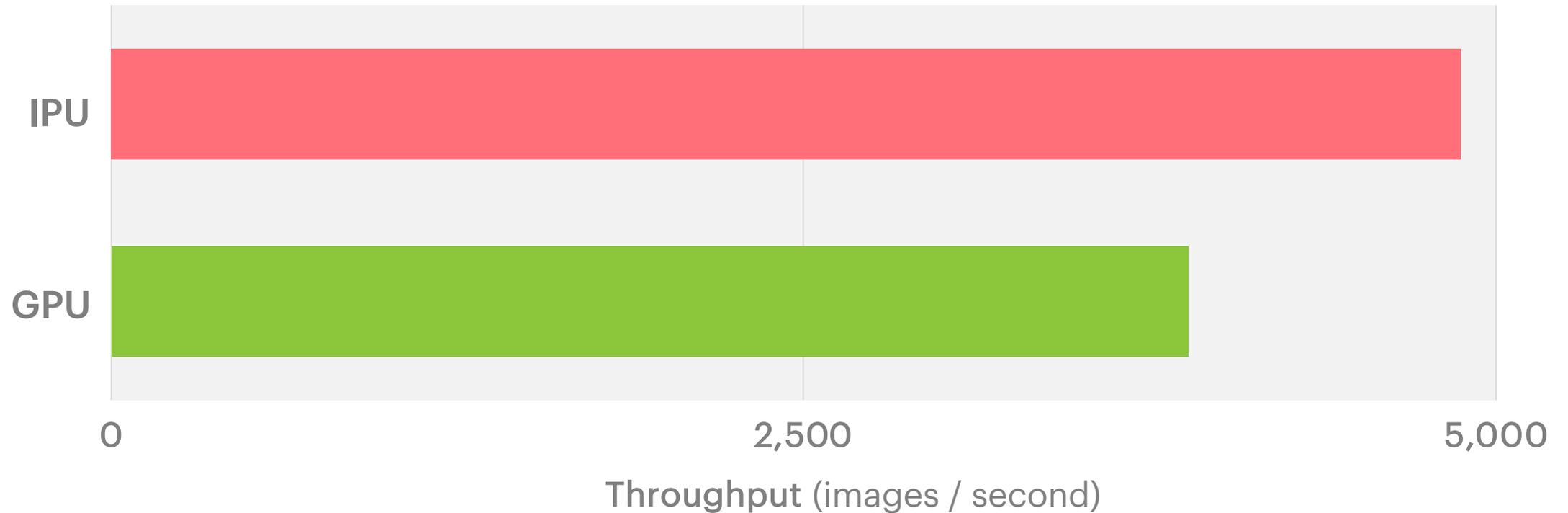
NOTES:

ResNext-101_32x4d | Real data (COCO) IPU: Graphcore C2 (SDK 1.1.11) using Pytorch (via ONNX/PopART) Batch Size 2-12 @ 300W TDP
GPU using Pytorch FP16 Batch Size 1-32 @ 300W TDP



RESNEXT-50 : TRAINING

1.25x higher throughput



NOTES:

ResNext-50 | Real data (ImageNet dataset)

IPU: DSS8440 (SDK 1.1.11) using Tensorflow 16IPU pipelined. 4 shards, 4 replicas, Batch Size per processor 3

GPU: chassis comparison (power equivalent) using Pytorch (FP16) Batch Size 1024



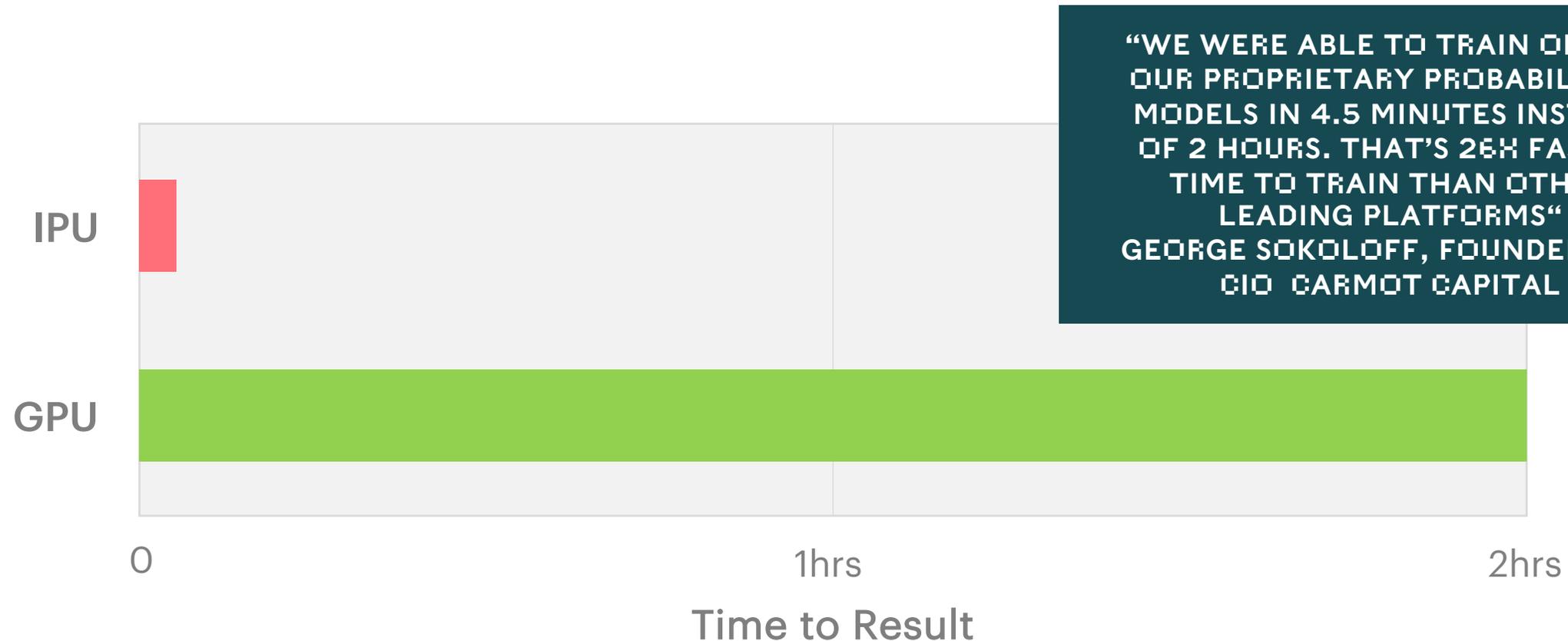


IPU DELIVERS MASSIVE PERFORMANCE
ADVANTAGE ON DIFFICULT MACHINE
LEARNING PROBLEMS, e.g. FINANCE...

MCMC PROBABILISTIC MODEL : TRAINING

Customer implementation

26x faster time to result with 50% power



“WE WERE ABLE TO TRAIN ONE OF OUR PROPRIETARY PROBABILISTIC MODELS IN 4.5 MINUTES INSTEAD OF 2 HOURS. THAT’S 26X FASTER TIME TO TRAIN THAN OTHER LEADING PLATFORMS”
GEORGE SOKOLOFF, FOUNDER AND CIO CARMOT CAPITAL

NOTES:

Graphcore customer Markov Chain Monte Carlo Probability model (summary data shared with customer's permission)

IPU: Graphcore GC2 @ 150W TDP

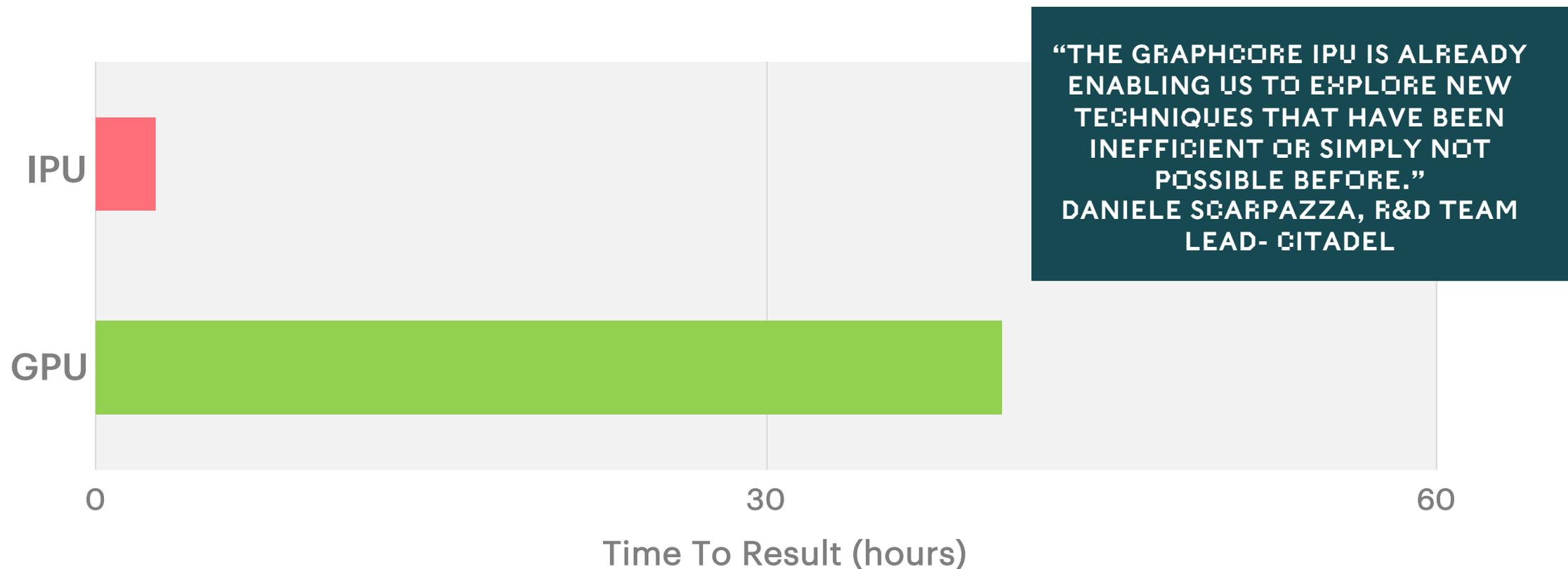
GPU @ 300W TDP



MCMC PROBABILISTIC MODEL : TRAINING

TensorFlow Probability model - representative finance workload for alpha estimation

15.2x faster time to train



NOTES:

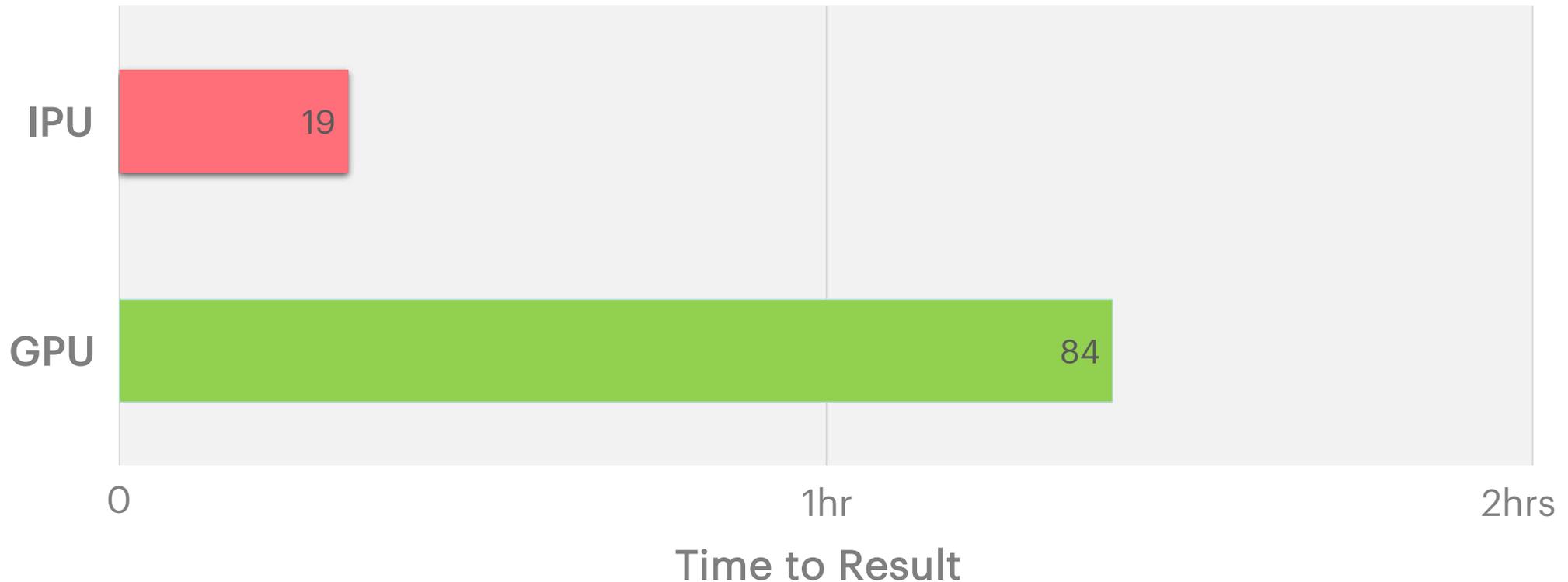
Markov Chain Monte Carlo – Probabilistic model with TensorFlow Probability, representative of workload used by Carmot Capital
Neural network with 3 fully-connected layers (num units in 1st layer=40, #dimensions in training set =22, #leapfrog steps=1000, calcs in sliding window=200)
IPU: C2 card (300W TDP) results (SDK 1.1.11) – 800 samples
GPU (300W TDP) - 800 samples



VAE PROBABILISTIC MODEL : TRAINING

TensorFlow Variational Autoencoder model – MCMC & VI combination

4.3x faster time to train with 50% power



NOTES:

Contrastive Divergence VAE - example variational autoencoder model using MCMC & Variational Inference, based on ICML paper (<https://arxiv.org/pdf/1905.04062.pdf>).

Scalar control variate used in place of a vector.

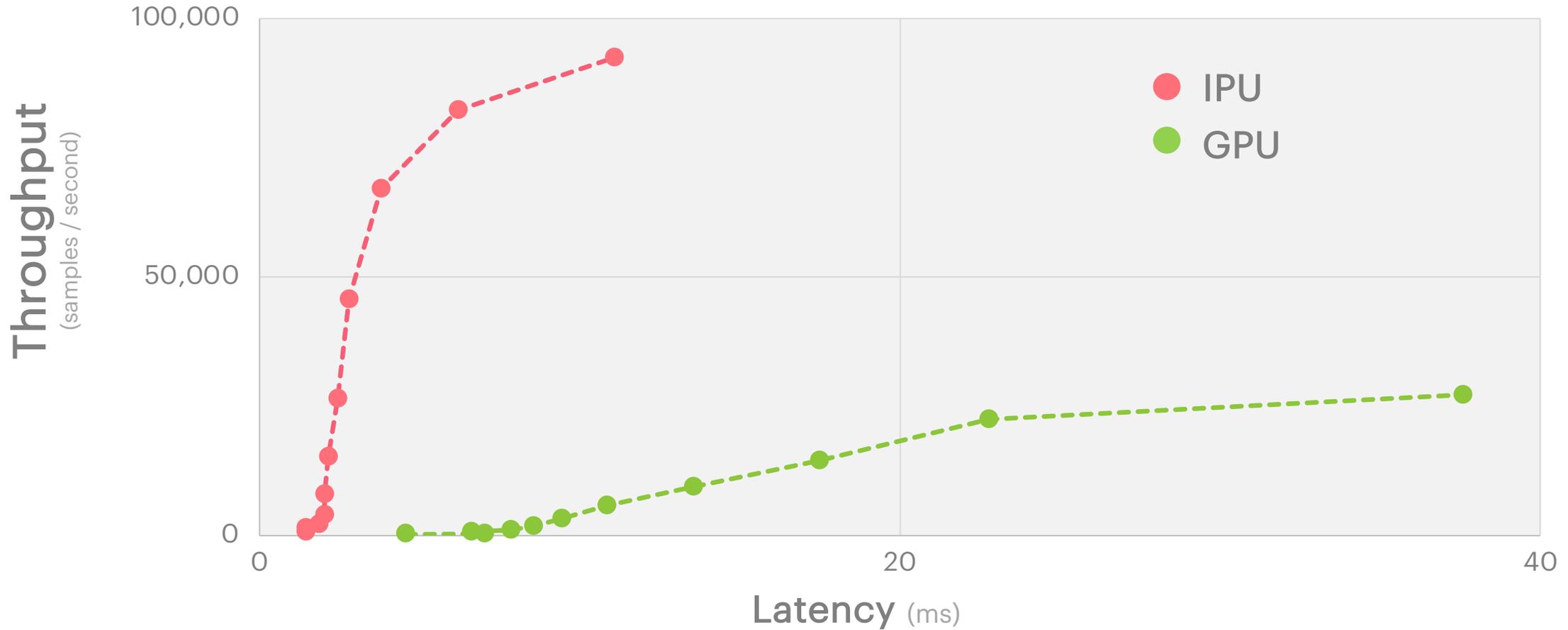
IPU: Running on single Graphcore GC2 @ 150W TDP (SDK 1.1.11) | GPU @ 300W TDP

Both using TensorFlow, real data MNIST, Batch size 100 (as in ICML paper).



LSTM : INFERENCE

>300 higher throughput at lower latency



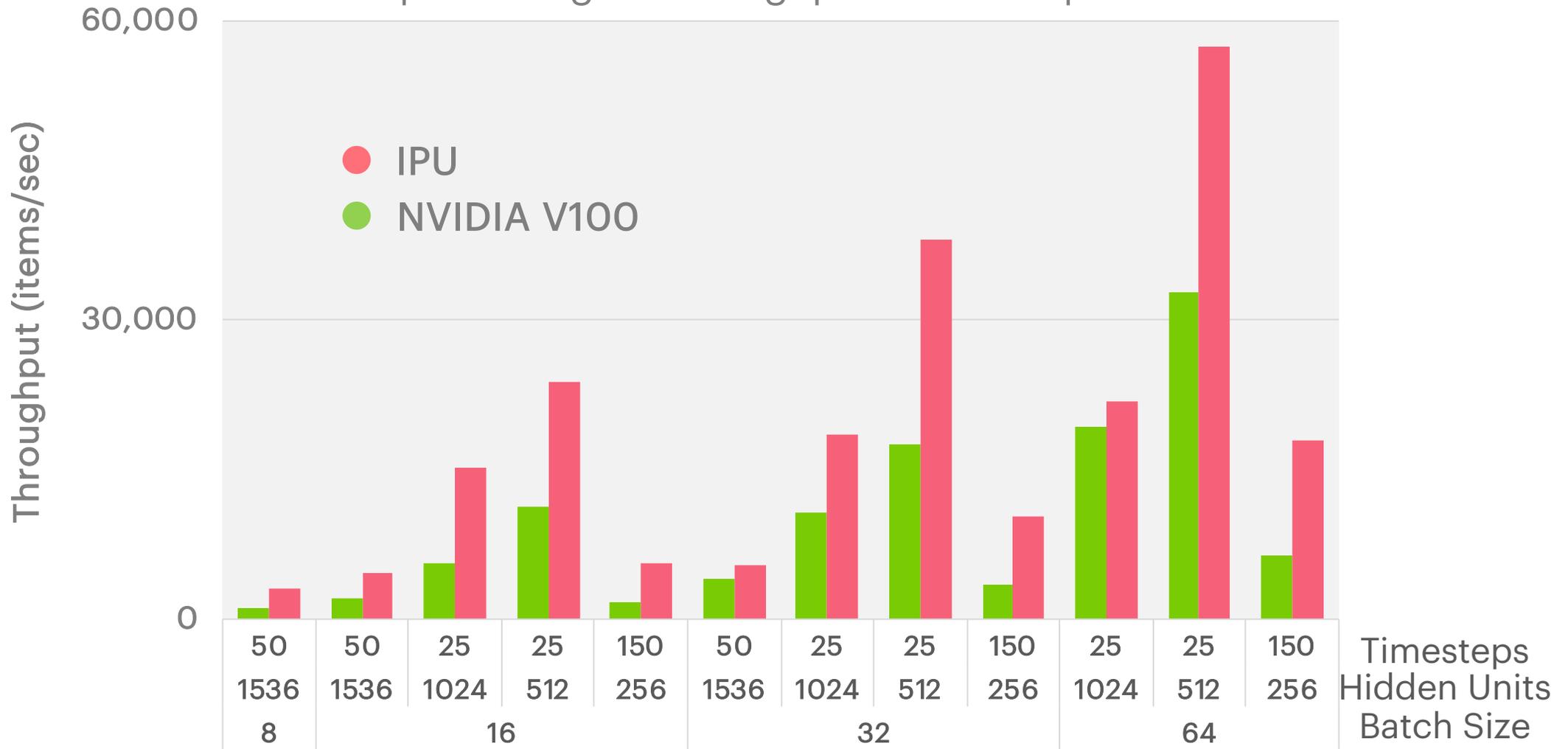
NOTES:

2 LSTM layers, each with 256 units, 200 time steps, 16 input dimensions, real data, mixed precision
IPU: Graphcore C2 using TensorFlow and PopNN (SDK 1.1.11) @ 300W TDP (Batch Sizes upto 1024)
GPU: using TensorFlow with optimizations @ 300W TDP (Batch Sizes upto 1024)



LSTM : TRAINING

up to 3x higher throughput with 50% power



NOTES:

LSTM Single Layer benchmark vs V100 Deepbench results

IPU: Graphcore IPU using TensorFlow @ 150W TDP (SDK 1.1.11)

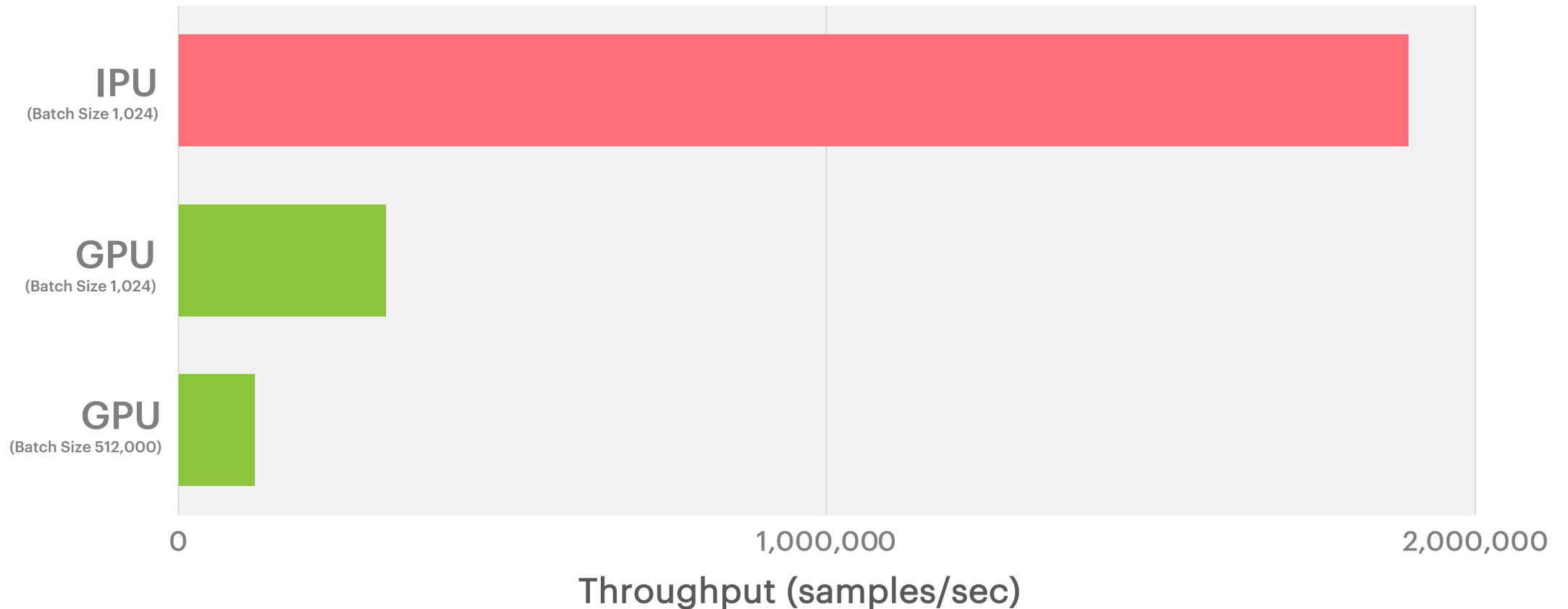
GPU: V100 DeepBench results @ 300W TDP (https://github.com/baidu-research/DeepBench/blob/master/results/train/DeepBench_NV_V100.xlsx)



TIME SERIES ANALYSIS : TRAINING

SALES FORECASTING MODEL | Multi-Layer Perceptron (MLP) + Embedding

>5.9x higher throughput (faster time to train)



NOTES:

Multi-Layer Perceptron (MLP) + Embeddings model for forecasting, Real data

IPU: Graphcore C2 (SDK 1.1.11) using TensorFlow @ 300W TDP

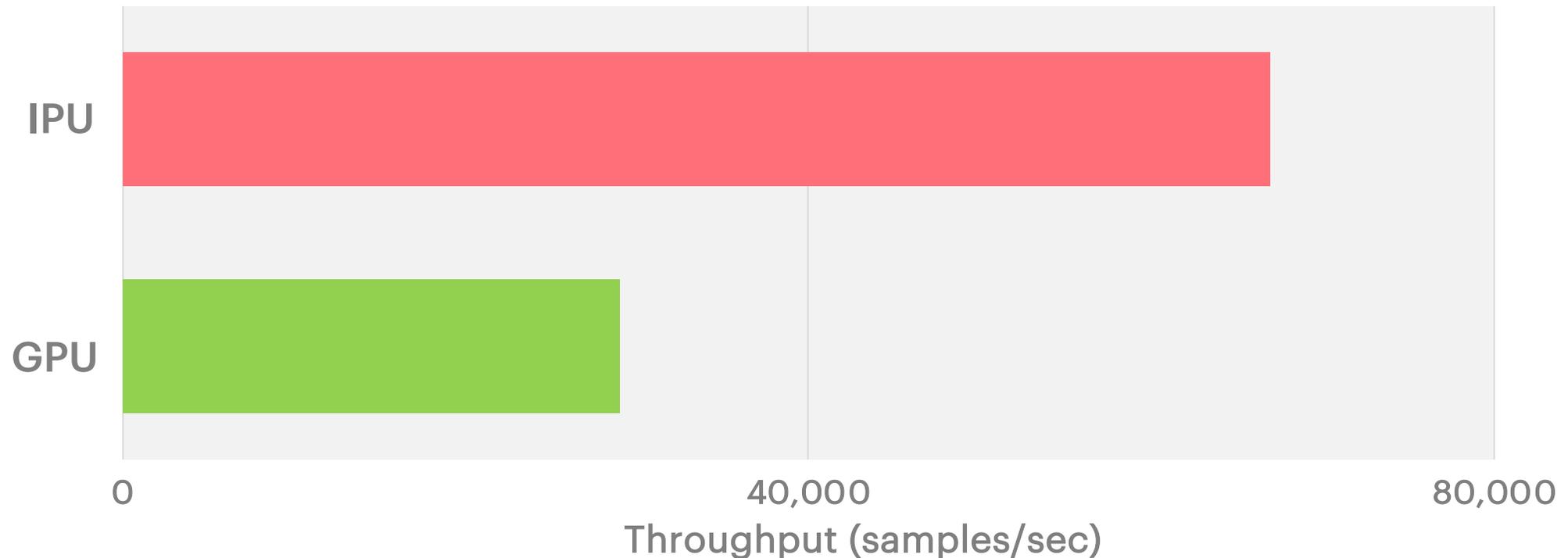
GPU using TensorFlow @ 300W TDP



DENSE AUTOENCODER : TRAINING

for content recommendation and ranking

2.3x higher throughput (faster time to train)



NOTES:

Deep autoencoder with 6 fully-connected layers and constrained decoder, BS 64 | Content recommendation | Training using open source Netflix 3m data-samples

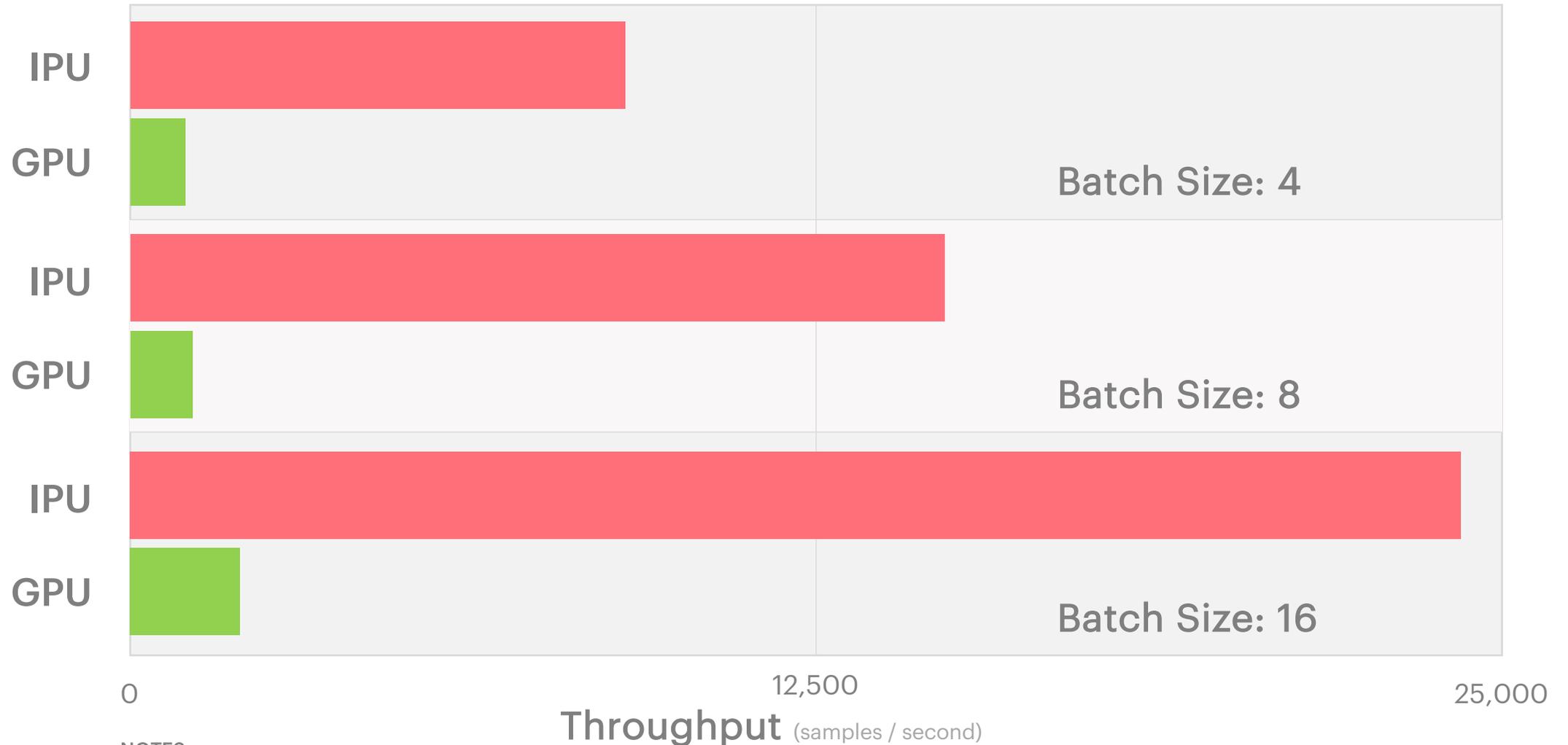
IPU: Graphcore C2 (SDK 1.1.11) @ 300W TDP

GPU @ 300W TDP



REINFORCEMENT LEARNING POLICY: TRAINING

up to 13x higher throughput (faster time to train)



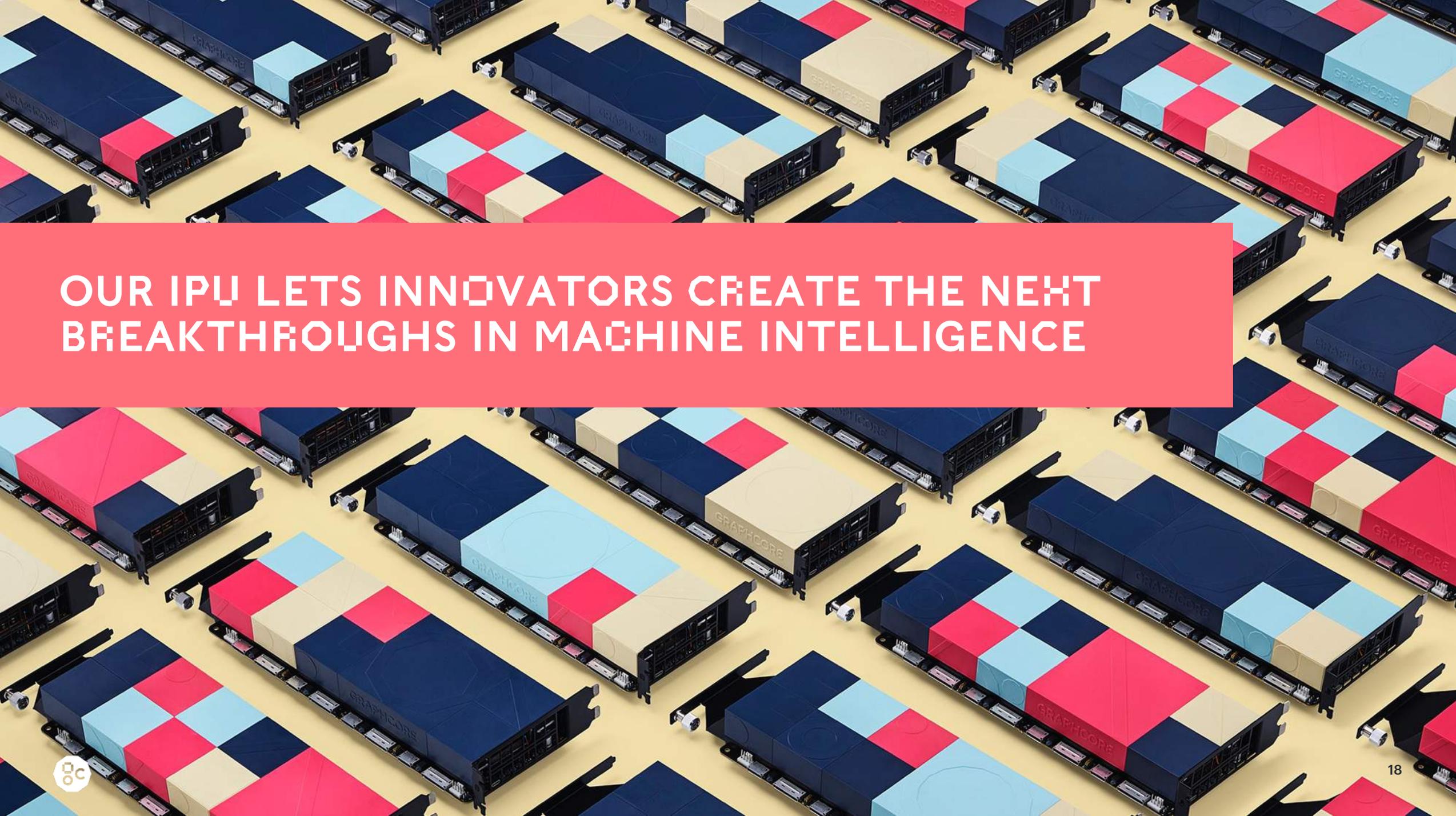
NOTES:

Reinforcement policy model training | representative of large-scale reinforcement learning systems using LSTM

IPU: Graphcore C2 using TensorFlow @ 300W TDP

GPU: using TensorFlow @ 300W TDP



An aerial view of a server rack filled with GPU modules. The modules are arranged in a grid and feature a colorful pattern of dark blue, light blue, red, and beige. The word "GRAPHICORE" is visible on the top of several modules. A large, semi-transparent pink banner is overlaid across the center of the image, containing white text.

OUR IPU LETS INNOVATORS CREATE THE NEXT
BREAKTHROUGHS IN MACHINE INTELLIGENCE

